

- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Control Modulating
- For closed cold and warm water systems
- For modulating control of airhandling and heating systems on the water side
- Communication via Belimo MP-Bus or conventional control
- Conversion of active sensor signals and switching contacts
- Design life SuperCaps: 15 years



MP/2/BUS®

Type overview

Туре	DN []	Rp ["]	Vnom [l/s]	Vnom [l/min]	kvs theor. [m³/h]	PN []	n(gl) []
EP015R+KMP	15	1/2	0.35	21	2.9	16	3.2
EP020R+KMP	20	3/4	0.65	39	4.9	16	3.2
EP025R+KMP	25	1	1.15	69	8.6	16	3.2
EP032R+KMP	32	1 1/4	1.8	108	14.2	16	3.2
EP040R+KMP	40	1 1/2	2.5	150	21.3	16	3.2
EP050R+KMP	50	2	4.8	288	32.0	16	3.2

kvs theor.: Theoretical kvs value for pressure drop calculation

echnical data						
	Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V			
		Nominal voltage frequency	50/60 Hz			
		Nominal voltage range	AC 19.228.8 V / DC 21.628.8 V			
		Power consumption in operation	6 W			
		Power consumption in rest position	5 W			
		Power consumption for wire sizing	12 VA Cable 1 m, 4 x 0.75 mm ²			
		Connection supply / control				
		Parallel operation	Yes (note the performance data)			
ı	Functional data	Torque motor	20 Nm			
		Positioning signal Y	DC 010 V			
		Operating range Y	DC 210 V			
		Operating range Y variable	Start point DC 0.524 V			
			End point DC 8.532 V			
		Position feedback U	DC 210 V			
		Position feedback U variable	Start point DC 0.58 V			
			End point DC 210 V			
		Setting emergency setting position (POP)	NC / NO or adjustable 0100% (POP rotary			
			_button)			
		Bridging time (PF) variable	110 s			
		Running time emergency control position	35 s /90°			
		Sound power level motor	45 dB(A)			
		Sound power level emergency control position	61 dB(A)			
		Adjustable flow rate Vmax	30100% of Vnom			
		Control accuracy	±10% (of 25100% Vnom)			
		Control accuracy note	±6% (of 25100% Vnom) at 20°C / Glykol 0% vol.			
		Media	Cold and warm water, water with glycol up to			
			max. 50% vol.			
		Medium temperature	-10120°C			
		Permissible pressure ps	1600 kPa			
		Closing pressure ∆ps	1400 kPa			
		Differential pressure ∆pmax	350 kPa			
		Differential pressure note	200 kPa for low-noise operation			





Technical data Functional data Flow characteristic equal percentage (VDI/VDE 2178), optimis

Flow characteristic	equal percentage (VDI/VDE 2178), optimised in the opening range (switchable to linear)
Leakage rate	Leakage rate A, air-bubble-tight (EN 12266-1)
Pipe connectors	Internal thread according to ISO 7-1
Installation position	Upright to horizontal (in relation to the stem)
Maintenance	Maintenance-free
Manual override	Gear disengagement with push-button
Measuring principle	Ultrasonic volumetric flow measurement
Measuring accuracy	±6% (of 25100% Vnom)
Measuring accuracy note	±2% (of 25100% Vnom) at 20°C / Glykol 0% vol.
Min. flow measurement	1% of Vnom
Protection class IEC/EN	III Safety extra-low voltage
Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP54
EMC	CE according to 2004/108/EC
Mode of operation	Type 1.AA
Rated impulse voltage supply / control	0.8 kV
Control pollution degree	3
Ambient temperature	-3050°C
Non-operating temperature	-4080°C
Ambient humidity	95% r.h., non-condensing
Housing	Brass body
Measuring pipe	Brass body nickel-plated
Closing element	Stainless steel
Stem	Stainless steel
Stem seal	O-ring EPDM
Abbreviations	POP = Power off position / emergency setting

Safety notes



Terms

Flow measurement

Safety

Materials

 This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or in any other airborne means of transport.

position

PF = Power fail delay time / bridging time

- Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.
- The connection between the control valve and the measuring tube should not be separated.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed
 of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be
 observed.

Product features

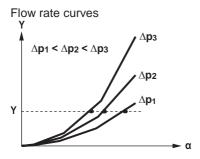
Principle of operation

The final controlling device is comprised of three components: characterised control valve (CCV), measuring pipe with volumetric flow sensor and the actuator itself. The adjusted maximum flow (\square max) is assigned to the maximum positioning signal (typically 10 V / 100%). The final controlling device can be controlled communicative or analogue. The medium is detected by the sensor in the measuring pipe and is applied as the flow value. The measured value is balanced with the setpoint. The actuator corrects the deviation by changing the valve position. The angle of rotation α varies according to the differential pressure through the final controlling element (see volumetric flow curves).

With the supply voltage the integrated condensors will be charged. Interrupting the supply voltage causes the valve to be moved to the selected emergency setting position (POP) by means of stored electrical energy.



Product features



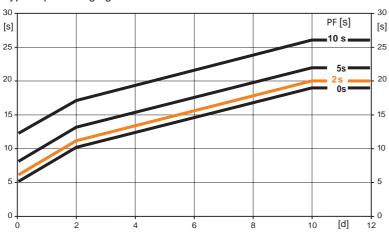
Pre-charging time (start up)

The capacitor actuators require a pre-charging time. This time is used for charging the capacitors up to a usable voltage level. This ensures that, in the event of an electricity interruption, the actuator can move at any time from its current position into the preset emergency setting position (POP).

The duration of the pre-charging time depends mainly on following factors:

- Duration of the electricity interruption
- PF delay time (bridging time)

Typical pre-charging time



PF[S]	[d]							
	0	1	2	7	≥10			
0	5	8	10	15	19			
2	6	9	11	16	20			
5	8	11	13	18	22			
10	12	15	17	22	26			
	[s]							

[d] = Electricity interruption in days
[s] = Pre-charging time in seconds
PF[s] = Bridging time
Calculation example: Given an electricity
interruption of 3 days and a bridging time (PF) set
at 5 s, the actuator requires a pre-charging time of
14 s after the electricity has been reconnected (see
graphic).

Delivery condition (capacitors)

The actuator is completely discharged after delivery from the factory, which is why the actuator requires approximately 20 s pre-charging time before initial commissioning in order to bring the capacitors up to the required voltage level.

Emergency setting position (POP) rotary knob

The «Emergency setting position» rotary knob can be used to adjust the desired emergency setting position (POP) between 0 and 100% in 10% increments. The rotary knob allways refers to the adapted angle of rotation range. In the event of an electricity interruption, the actuator will move into the selected emergency setting position (POP). Settings: The rotary knob must be set to the «Tool» position for retroactive settings of the emergency setting position (POP) with the Belimo service tool MFT-P. Once the rotary knob is set back to the range 0...100%, the manually set value will have positioning authority.



Product features

Bridging time

Electricity interruptions can be bridged up to a maximum of 10 s.

In the event of an electricity interruption, the actuator will remain stationary in accordance with the set bridging time. If the electricity interruption is greater than the set bridging time, then the actuator will move into the selected emergency setting position (POP).

The bridging time set ex-works is 2 s. This can be modified on site in operation with the use of the Belimo service tool MFT-P.

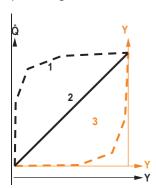
Settings: The rotary knob must not be set to the «Tool» position!

Only the values need to be entered for retroactive adjustments of the bridging time with the Belimo service tool MFT-P.

Transmission behaviour HE

Heat exchanger transmission behaviour

Depending on the construction, temperature spread, medium and hydraulic circuit, the power Q is not proportional to the water volumetric flow \square (Curve 1). With the classical type of temperature control, an attempt is made to maintain the control signal Y proportional to the power Q (Curve 2). This is achieved by means of an equal-percentage valve characteristic curve (Curve 3).





Product features

Control characteristics

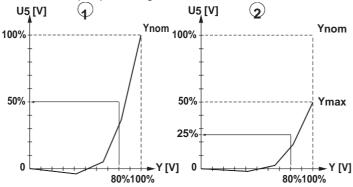
The velocity of the medium is measured in the measuring component (sensor electronics) and converted to a flow rate signal.

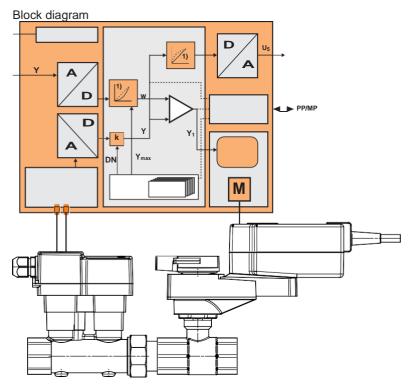
The positioning signal Y corresponds to the power Q via the exchanger, the volumetric flow is regulated in the EPIV. The control signal Y is converted into an equal-percentage characteristic curve and provided with the □max value as the new reference variable w. The momentary control deviation forms the positioning signal Y1 for the actuator.

The specially configured control parameters in connection with the precise flow rate sensor ensure a stable quality of control. They are however not suitable for rapid control processes, i.e. for domestic water control.

U5 displays the measured volumetric flow as voltage (factory setting). As an alternative, U5 can be used for displaying the valve opening angle. It is always in reference to the respective \square nom, i.e. if \square max is e.g. 50% of \square nom, then Y = 10 V, U5 = 5 V.

1. Standard equal percentage Vmax = Vnom / 2. effect Vmax < Vnom







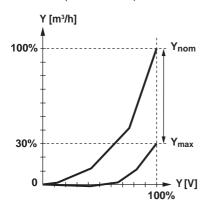
Product features

Definition □nom

□nom is the maximum possible flow.

□max is the maximum flow rate which has been set with the greatest positioning signal, e.g. 10 V. □max can be set to between 30% and 100% of □nom.

□min 0% (non-variable).



Creep flow suppression

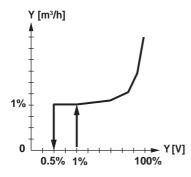
Given the very low flow speed in the opening point, this can no longer be measured by the sensor within the required tolerance. This range is overridden electronically.

Opening valve

The valve remains closed until the volumetric flow required by the positioning signal Y corresponds to 1% of \Box nom. The control along the valve characteristic curve is active after this value has been exceeded.

Closing valve

The control along the valve characteristic curve is active up to the required flow rate of 1% of \square nom. Once the level falls below this value, the flow rate is maintained at 1% of \square nom. If the level falls below the flow rate of 0.5% of \square nom required by the reference variable Y, then the valve will close.



Converter for sensors

Connection option for a sensor (active sensor or switching contact). The MP actuator serves as an analogue/digital converter for the transmission of the sensor signal via MP-Bus to the higher level system.

Parameterisable actuators

The factory settings cover the most common applications. Single parameters can be modified with the Belimo Service Tools MFT-P or ZTH EU.

Positioning signal inversion

This can be inverted in cases of control with an analogue positioning signal. The inversion causes the reversal of the standard behaviour, i.e. at a positioning signal of 0%, regulation is to □max, and the valve is closed at a positioning signal of 100%.

Hydraulic balancing

With the Belimo tools, the maximum flow rate (equivalent to 100% requirement) can be adjusted on-site, simply and reliably, in a few steps. If the device is integrated in the management system, then the balancing can be handled directly by the management system.

Manual override

Manual control with push-button possible - temporary. The gear is disengaged and the actuator decoupled for as long as the button is pressed.

High functional reliability

The actuator is overload protected, requires no limit switches and automatically stops when the end stop is reached.



Product features

Home position

The first time the supply voltage is switched on, i.e. at the time of commissioning, the actuator carries out an adaption, which is when the operating range and position feedback adjust themselves to the mechanical setting range.

After this process the actuator moves into the required position in order to ensure the flow rate defined by the positioning signal.

Accessories

	Description	Туре
Gateways	Gateway MP for BACnet MS/TP, AC/DC 24 V	UK24BAC
	Gateway MP to Modbus RTU, AC/DC 24 V	UK24MOD
	Gateway MP for LonWorks®, AC/DC 24 V, LonMark-certified	UK24LON
	Gateway MP to KNX/EIB, AC/DC 24 V, EIBA certified	UK24EIB
	Description	Туре
Electrical accessories	Connecting cable 5 m, A+B: RJ12 6/6, To ZTH/ZIP-USB-MP	ZK1-GEN
	Connection cable 5 m, A: RJ11 6/4, B: Free wire end, To ZTH/ZIP-USB-MP	ZK2-GEN
	MP-Bus power supply for MP actuators, AC 230/24V for local power supply	ZN230-24MP
	Connecting board MP bus suitable for wiring boxes EXT-WR-FPMP	ZFP2-MP
	Description	Туре
Service Tools	Service Tool, for MF/MP/Modbus/LonWorks actuators and VAV-Controller	ZTH EU
	Belimo PC-Tool, software for adjustments and diagnostics	MFT-P
	Adapter to Service-Tool ZTH	MFT-C
	ZIP-USB-MP interface	ZIP-USB-MP

Electrical installation

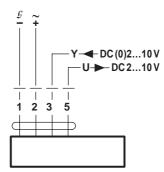


Notes

- · Connection via safety isolating transformer.
- Parallel connection of other actuators possible. Observe the performance data.

Wiring diagrams

AC/DC 24 V, modulating



Cable colours:

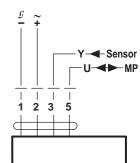
1 = black

2 = red

3 = white

5 = orange

Operation on the MP-Bus



Cable colours:

1 = black

2 = red

3 = white

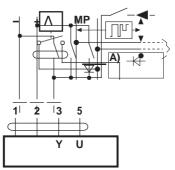
5 = orange



Functions

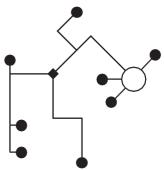
Functions when operated on MP-Bus

Connection on the MP-Bus



A) more actuators and sensors (max.8)

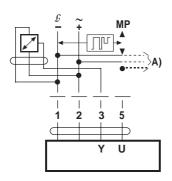
Network topology



There are no restrictions for the network topology (star, ring, tree or mixed forms are permitted). Supply and communication in one and the same 3-wire cable

- no shielding or twisting necessary
- · no terminating resistors required

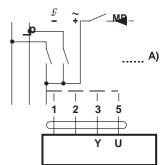
Connection of active sensors



A) more actuators and sensors (max.8)

- Supply AC/DC 24 V
- Output signal DC 0...10 V (max. DC 0...32 V)
- Resolution 30 mV

Connection of external switching contact

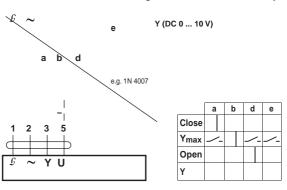


A) more actuators and sensors (max.8)

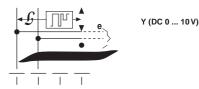
- Switching current 16 mA @ 24 V
- Start point of the operating range must be parameterised on the MP actuator as ≥ 0.5 V

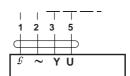
Functions for actuators with specific parameters (Parametrisation with PC-Tool necessary)

Override control and limiting with AC 24 V with relay contacts



Override control and limiting with DC 24 V with relay contacts

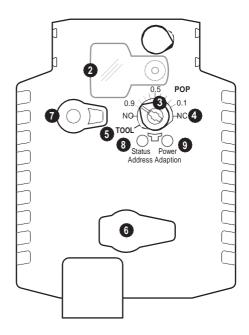




	а		b		d	е	
Close			/	_	/-		
Ymax							
Υ							



Operating controls and indicators

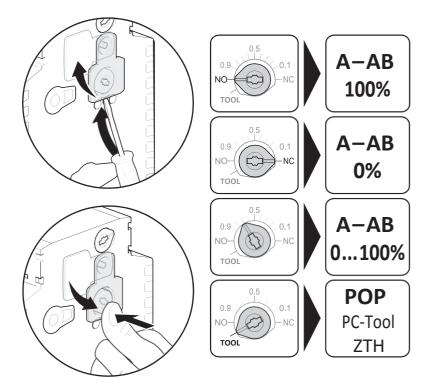


- 2 Cover, POP button
- 3 POP button
- Scale for manual adjustment
- 5 Position for adjustment with tool
- 6 Tool socket
- Disengagement button

LED displays		Magning / function				
yellow	green	Meaning / function				
Off	On	Operation OK / without fault				
Off	Flashing	POP function active				
On	Off	Fault				
Off	Off	Not in operation				
On	On	Adaptation procedure running				
Flashing	On	Communication				

- 8 Press button: Acknowledgment of addressing
- **9** Press button: Triggers angle of rotation adaption, followed by standard operation

Emergency position (POP) setting

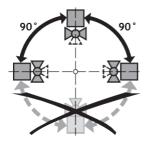




Installation notes

Recommended installation positions

The ball valve can be installed upright to horizontal. The ball valve may not be installed in a hanging position, i.e. with the stem pointing downwards.



Mounting position in the return

Installation in the return is recommended.

Water quality requirements

The water quality requirements specified in VDI 2035 must be adhered to. Belimo valves are regulating devices. For the valves to function correctly in the long term, they must be kept free from particle debris (e.g. welding beads during installation work). The installation of suitable strainer is recommended.

Maintenance

Ball valves, rotary actuators and sensors are maintenance-free.

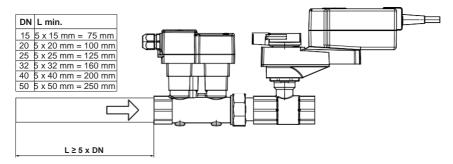
In the event of any service work on the final controlling device, it is essential to isolate the rotary actuator from the power supply (by unplugging the electrical cable). Any pumps in the part of the piping system concerned must also be switched off and the appropriate slide valves closed (allow everything to cool down first if necessary and reduce the system pressure to ambient pressure level).

The system must not be returned to service until the ball valve and the rotary actuator have been properly reassembled in accordance with the instructions and the pipeline has been refilled in the proper manner.

Flow direction

The direction of flow, specified by an arrow on the housing, is to be complied with, since otherwise the flow rate will be measured incorrectly.

Inlet section In order to achieve the specified measuring accuracy, a flow-calming section or inflow section in the direction of the flow is to be provided upstream from the measuring pipe flange. Its dimensions should be at least 5x DN.





General notes

Valve selection

The valve is determined using the maximum required flow rate □max.

A calculation of the kvs value is not required.

□max = 30...100% of □nom

If no hydraulic data are available, then the same valve DN can be selected as the heat exchanger nominal diameter.

Minimum differential pressure (pressure drop)

The minimum required differential pressure (pressure drop through the valve) for achieving the desired volumetric flow \square max can be calculated with the aid of the theoretical kvs value (see type overview) and the below-mentioned formula. The calculated value is dependent on the required maximum volumetric flow \square max. Higher differential pressures are compensated for automatically by the valve.

Formula

$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 x \left(\frac{Y_{max}}{k_{vs theor}}\right)^{2} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta p_{min} : kPa \\ Y_{max} : m^{3}/h \\ k_{vs theor} : m^{3}/h \end{bmatrix}$$

Example (DN25 with the desired maximum flow rate = 50% □nom)

EP025R+KMP

kvs theor. = $8.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

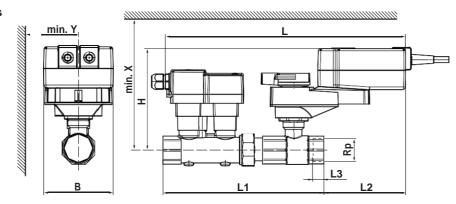
Ynom = 69 l/min

50% * 69 l/min = 34.5 l/min = 2.07 m³/h

$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{Y_{max}}{k_{vs theor}}\right)^2 = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{2.07 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}{8.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}\right)^2 = 6 \text{ kPa}$$

Dimensions / Weight

Dimensional drawings



Туре	DN []	Rp ["]	L [mm]	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	L3 [mm]	B [mm]	H [mm]	X [mm]	Y [mm]	Weight approx. [kg]
EP015R+KMP	15	1/2	331	192	128	13	98	143	195	77	1.5
EP020R+KMP	20	3/4	348	211	123	14	98	145	195	77	1.8
EP025R+KMP	25	1	344	230	116	16	98	145	197	77	2.0
EP032R+KMP	32	1 1/4	359	255	110	19	98	150	201	77	2.8
EP040R+KMP	40	1 1/2	361	267	105	19	98	150	211	77	3.3
EP050R+KMP	50	2	381	288	100	22	98	156	212	77	4.4

Further documentation

- Overview MP Cooperation Partners
- Tool Connection Guide
- General notes for project planning



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